

## IDEOLOGICAL, LEGAL AND ECONOMIC FACTORS FOR INCREASING YOUTH INNOVATION ACTIVITY IN ENSURING SOCIAL STABILITY OF SOCIETY

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### Annotation

In ensuring the social stability of society, there are specific ideological, legal and economic factors for increasing the innovative activity of young people. The article covers the same topic in detail. In the minds of young people, it was mentioned that such as social, economic and cultural renewal, complete freedom from the vices of immortality, struggle, promotion of social initiatives, the formation of opportunities for the reconstruction of the thinking on an innovative basis are factors that ensure the development of society and the well-being of the people.

**Keywords:** Society, youth, social stability, innovative activity, social progress, social problems, ideological factor, economic factor, legal factor, Social Justice.

Social stability is an important criterion for the comprehensive development of society. In a socially stable society, the needs, interests and rights of citizens are moderately satisfied, their vital conditions are ensured. Socially stable, important indicators are provided in the dynamics of reforms in various spheres of society, society becomes spiritually healthy. In a society where sustainable development is ensured, the social consciousness and legal worldview of its citizens develop, which, in turn, manifests itself as an important factor in ensuring social positive change. And in a socially unstable society, the principles of progress do not show a face, promising traditions do not arise in the way of life of people.

The category of "social stability" is defined in the "dictionary of philosophy" as: "stability (social) is the existence of peace in society and conditions for its strengthening; the state of harmony between social strata, forces and political parties; state and public organizations, the constant continuation of the state of social agreement between citizens" [5,45]. And the book "National idea: a dictionary of propaganda technologies and terms" defines social stability as "the tranquility of society's life, the harmony of the elements of the social system, the cooperation, solidarity of representatives of social units in society" [3,96].

The category of community sustainability is defined in the internet "national political encyclopedia" as follows: "in the scientific sense, sustainability is the ability to maintain one's own balance continuously, without changing the structure of a community's political system. Social stability (Social stability) is the effective existence and development of a social system in the context of the existence of external and internal influences, while maintaining its structure and basic quality indicators on a stable basis. The mechanisms that promote social

stability are social institutions and civil society. Political stability (Political stability) is the existence and maintenance of the political system of society without sudden changes in the long run" [9].

So, social stability is an important basis for the comprehensive development of society, peace and harmony, the provision of the living well-being of the population, the formation of a socially healthy environment, the presence of strong ground and conditions for the continuous development of social, economic, political and spiritual life, the maintenance of social balance. S.Shermuhammedov argues that" the principles of socio-political stability are: 1) to ensure social justice; 2) to ensure interethnic harmony and cooperation in Uzbekistan; 3) to ensure peace, tranquility in our country, the strength of the borders of our motherland and the integrity of our territories; 4) to ensure economic and political stability " [6, 24].

Social stability plays an important and decisive role in the construction of civil society in our country and its comprehensive development, the effective organization of the reforms being carried out. It is the main ground and necessary condition for the activities of social development, creativity, creativity in society. Under the conditions of stability, solid conditions are created for the existence of all segments of the population in society. Under such conditions, principles and values characteristic of social progress are formed.

In particular, social stability refers to the long-term well-being and stability of social systems, communities and individuals in society. It emphasizes the equitable allocation of resources, social cohesion, inclusiveness, and the promotion of social justice. Social sustainability trends reflect emerging social values, challenges, and aspirations. Including equality and inclusion, human rights and social justice, welfare and quality of life, gender equality and women's empowerment, social entrepreneurship and innovation, digital and technological Inclusion, global and cross-cultural understanding, ethical consumption and responsible business practices, etc.

Also, in a socially stable environment, science and culture, monandically production develops, features of creativity are formed in Citizens, wide opportunities are created for the scope of knowledge and innovation. the creativity of the people has risen. Its opposite, instability, is a state of slowing down social development, derailing the scale of progress in society. Instability is mainly caused by characteristics such as lack of knowledge in society, lack of understanding of the content of reforms in society, unpreparedness for the work of the motherland and the people. It is an important tool to take appropriate measures so that this process does not occur in society, to ensure the stability of society, to increase the social activity of citizens, especially young people.

Among the main issues are the emergence of a scale of strong innovative changes in a comprehensively progressive society, the involvement of citizens, especially young people, their participation in socio-political reforms, the elimination of social problems and the emergence of a spirit of initiative in their prevention. The process of using innovation in the



construction of a civil society is a criterion for social progress, and social activism and civic responsibility are required from the youth strata.

In studying the issue of modernizing our country in the conditions of the new Uzbekistan and the development of the formation of youth innovative activity in social life, the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. It is worth citing Mirziyoev's conceptual thoughts "to make science more prosperous in our country, to educate our youth as the owner of deep knowledge, high spirituality and culture, to intensively continue our work on the formation of a competitive economy " [7].

The rise of youth innovation activity is one of the important elements of the development of society. Youth Innovation activism and social responsibility to society are the driving force of the country's development. Innovative activism ensures that young people participate in the reform process with their knowledge, skills and potential. As long as there is innovative activity, in the social, economic, political and cultural system of society, all processes work in a scientifically based order, on processes that rely on knowledge and thinking, the activities of young people based on the principles of development are effective. While the perfect society is built at the expense of the social culture, civic responsibility and innovative activism of conscious citizens. B.Ochilova noted that "no country can raise its spiritual capabilities to a high level of development without the development of spiritual and moral values in the minds of people, without awakening and strengthening the national spirit of the people " [4, 67-68]. In order for social stability to be maintained in society, it will be necessary to eliminate threats to stability, negative factors that will become an obstacle to progress, existing social problems. In the minds of young people, there are tasks such as social, economic and cultural renewal, complete freedom from the vices of immortality, struggle, promotion of social initiatives, the formation of opportunities to rebuild the way of thinking on an innovative basis, all of which are characteristics that ensure the development of society and the well-being of the people. Young people's innovative activism is considered important in ensuring community stability, overcoming social problems. In addition, in the process of implementing its policy on the basis of comprehensive reforms carried out in the state, it is natural that there is a need to scientifically-theoretically analyze the issue of raising the consciousness, worldview and thinking of young people. I. As Karimov noted: "...the issue of attracting our attention to the still unresolved problems of our youth, which make up the majority of our population, making them a truly decisive force in our lives, is a must for the focus of our public" [1, 36-37].

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