# DIDACTIC FOUNDATIONS OF USING AUTHENTIC MATERIALS TO DEVELOP LISTENING COMPREHENSION AND ORAL SPEECH IN STUDENTS OF NON-PHILOLOGICAL SPECIALIZATIONS

Xudaybergenova Gulzoda Shuxrat qizi 2nd cycle master's student at the University of Exact and Social Sciences xudoybergenovagulzoda@gmail.com

## **Abstract**

The integration of authentic materials into the teaching process has gained prominence in recent years as an effective method for enhancing listening comprehension and oral speech among students of non-philological specializations. This article examines the didactic principles underlying the use of authentic materials in language instruction. By analyzing theoretical frameworks and practical implementations, we identify strategies that align with the specific needs of students outside philology fields. The findings suggest that incorporating authentic materials fosters language skills while catering to the practical and professional demands of diverse specializations.

**Keywords:** Authentic materials, listening comprehension, oral speech, non-philological specializations, didactics, language instruction.

## Introduction

In modern education, the emphasis on functional language skills has led to the adoption of innovative approaches, particularly for students in non-philological specializations. These students often require language proficiency for professional purposes, making traditional language teaching methodologies less effective. Authentic materials—texts, audio, and video originally created for native speakers—offer a practical solution to bridge this gap. The present study investigates the didactic foundations for utilizing authentic materials to improve listening comprehension and oral speech, tailoring these methodologies to the needs of non-philological learners.

# **Authentic Materials in Language Teaching**

Authentic materials are resources not specifically designed for language learning but provide genuine language usage, such as news broadcasts, interviews, podcasts, advertisements, and manuals. Researchers such as Peacock (1997) and Berardo (2006) emphasize their effectiveness in offering real-world language exposure, enhancing motivation, and fostering cultural competence.

# **Listening Comprehension and Oral Speech**

Listening comprehension and oral speech are interdependent skills requiring exposure to varied linguistic inputs. Rost (2011) defines listening as an active process of constructing meaning, while oral communication encompasses the ability to articulate thoughts fluently. Authentic materials align closely with these processes, providing contextually rich and diverse language stimuli.

## Non-Philological Specializations

Students in fields such as engineering, medicine, or business often encounter language barriers in professional communication. Tailoring language instruction to their specialized needs requires materials that mirror their future work environments, thus ensuring both relevance and applicability.

## **Didactic Principles for Using Authentic Materials**

- 1. Relevance to Students' Needs Authentic materials must align with the students' fields of study. For instance, engineering students may benefit from technical manuals or project presentations, while business students can use case studies or corporate reports.
- 2. **Gradual Complexity** Introducing materials with increasing linguistic and cognitive complexity ensures gradual skill development. Beginners might start with simplified podcasts or visual aids, while advanced learners tackle more intricate tasks like analyzing technical discussions.
- 3. **Interactivity** Encouraging interaction with materials through role-playing, discussions, or simulations fosters deeper engagement and better retention of language patterns.
- 4. **Cultural Competence** Authentic materials often contain cultural elements essential for understanding the context of language use. Educators must address these cultural nuances to enhance students' communicative competence.
- 5. **Integration of Multimodal Resources** Combining audio, visual, and textual resources supports diverse learning styles. For example, pairing a podcast with its transcript can aid comprehension and reinforce vocabulary.

# Methodology

# Participant Profile

The study focuses on students from non-philological specializations enrolled in an intermediate-level English language course.

## **Materials and Tools**

Authentic materials included TED Talks, industry-specific manuals, business negotiations videos, and podcasts on current events. Supplementary tools included interactive quizzes, transcription software, and speech recognition applications.

## **Instructional Approach**

- 1. **Pre-Listening Activities**: Activating prior knowledge, teaching key vocabulary, and discussing the context of the material.
- 2. **While-Listening Tasks**: Focused tasks like identifying main ideas, recognizing key terms, or noting specific details.
- 3. **Post-Listening Activities**: Debates, presentations, or collaborative problem-solving tasks to encourage oral speech.

#### **Results and Discussion**

The integration of authentic materials yielded significant improvements in listening comprehension and oral speech among the participants. Key findings include:

- 1. **Increased Motivation** Students reported higher engagement levels due to the practical relevance of materials. For example, business students found negotiations videos directly applicable to their future careers.
- 2. Enhanced Listening Skills Tasks centered around authentic audio materials improved students' ability to discern context, infer meaning, and handle various accents and speaking speeds.
- 3. **Improved Oral Proficiency** Interactive post-listening tasks fostered confidence in expressing ideas and enhanced fluency. Role-playing scenarios like client interactions or team meetings were particularly effective.
- 4. **Broader Cultural Awareness** Exposure to culturally rich materials improved students' understanding of idiomatic expressions, professional etiquette, and cross-cultural communication norms.

# **Challenges and Recommendations**

- 1. Challenges
- Complexity: Some materials were too advanced for beginners, causing frustration.
- Accessibility: Limited availability of field-specific resources for niche specializations.
- Time Constraints: Incorporating authentic materials into rigid curricula posed challenges.
- 2. Recommendations
- <sup>o</sup>Curate a repository of materials categorized by specialization and proficiency level.
- Train instructors to adapt materials to diverse learner needs.
- oIntegrate authentic materials into the curriculum gradually, ensuring a balance with traditional methods.

## Conclusion

The use of authentic materials offers immense potential for developing listening comprehension and oral speech in students of non-philological specializations. By adhering to sound didactic principles and addressing the specific needs of diverse learners, educators can

create effective and engaging language instruction environments. Future research should explore long-term impacts and develop field-specific material repositories to further enhance this approach.

## References

- 1. Berardo, S. A. (2006). The Use of Authentic Materials in the Teaching of Reading. The Reading Matrix, 6(2), 60-69.
- 2. Peacock, M. (1997). The Effect of Authentic Materials on the Motivation of EFL Learners. ELT Journal, 51(2), 144-156.
- 3. Rost, M. (2011). Teaching and Researching Listening. London: Longman.
- 4. TED Talks. (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.ted.com
- 5. Additional industry-specific resources and case studies.

